# NATIONAL CATTLE HEALTH STATEMENT

Consignment PIC Number (must be completed):		Attached to accompanying NVD / Waybill No:
SECTION 1 – Consignment Information (must comply with the information provided on an NVD, if attached) Owner of cattle: Phone number: Address of origin of stock:		SECTION 5b – Current Vaccinations (see explanatory notes for further information)     Clostridial vaccination (e.g. 5 in 1): Yes     Pestivirus vaccination:     Yes     Bovine ephemeral fever vaccination:     Yes     Vibrio vaccination:     Yes     Vibrio vaccination:     Yes     Other Vaccinations (specify):
Destination Property Identification Code (PIC) (if known): Description of cattle (e.g. breed, sex & type): Were all the cattle vendor-bred on the above property: Yes No		SECTION 5c – Pestivirus Testing (see explanatory notes for further information)     Have these cattle been tested for the presence of pestivirus antigen (in blood, skin or hair)? Yes   No     If tested, were any cattle positive for pestivirus antigen?   Yes   No     If tested, were the cattle found to be persistently infected?   Yes   No     Other (specify):
SECTION 2 – Johne's Disease Beef Cattle (see explanatory notes for further information)     The cattle originate from the following BJD Zone/Area:     Protected Zone   Free Zone   Beef Protected Area   Management Area     The cattle originate from a herd with a status of:     Infected   Suspect   Non-Assessed   Check Tested   Beef Only     Tested to MAP Standard   Tested 4yo   MN1   MN2   MN3     Beef Protected Area beef cattle (non-assessed) eligible for the Protected Zone   Imagement Area   Imagement Area		SECTION 6 – Declaration (see explanatory notes for further information)     As the owner/person (please circle) responsible for the husbandry of the cattle in this consignment,     I declare that the above information in this statement is true and correct.     Signed:   Name:     Date:   //.     Persons making false statements may be liable under fair trading and other relevant State legislation.     SECTION 7 – Cattle Tick (see explanatory notes for further information)
SECTION 3 – Johne's Disease Dairy Cattle (see explanatory notes for further information) The consignment has a Dairy Assurance Score of: Part A (herd base score) Part B (calf credits) Part C (total Dairy Score)		I
SECTION 4 – Enzootic Bovine Leucosis (EBL) (see explanatory notes for further information)     EBL test result for animals being moved:     Date of test: /     Are the cattle from an EBL accredited or certified free herd: Yes No		Image: State (states)     Image: Where treatment and/or inspection was required the following inspection and/or treatment     was undertaken: Type of inspection:     (clean inspection and/or supervised)     Treatment:     (chemical)     Signature:     Designation:
<b>SECTION 5a – Treatments</b> (see explanatory notes for further information)	ion)	Date:/
Treatments Product	Date of treatment within last 6 months	<b>SECTION 8 – Certification by an Authorised Person</b> (to be completed for intrastate or interstate movements only where required) (see explanatory notes for further information)
Lice treatment		According to the information provided above, and after due investigation of jurisdictional records by me,
Drench		I certify that the health status of the consignment of cattle described above complies with the jurisdictional
Liver fluke treatment		requirements pertaining to
Other treatments (type)   Comments (optional)		Signed:   Name:     Date:   Location:

## CATTLE HEALTH STATEMENT EXPLANATORY NOTES

**PLEASE NOTE:** It is law in all States/Territories for all cattle to be identified with NLIS devices before being moved. It is the owner/receiver of the cattle at the destination (unless purchased at a saleyard) who is required to send the necessary NLIS information to the NLIS database.

This is a voluntary form however, those owners planning to move cattle interstate should check that state's requirements and contact the local animal health officer to obtain any additional paperwork.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Consignor - complete all relevant sections and SIGN at section 6

Authorised Person - complete all relevant sections and SIGN at section 7 & 8

- Beef cattle sections 1, 2, 4, 5, 7
- Dairy cattle (all cattle born on a dairy farm) sections 1, 3, 5

## SECTION 2 – Johne's Disease Beef cattle

#### BJD Zones/Areas

The accompanying map shows the BJD zones in Australia. For more information, go to www.bjdaware.com.au

## Beef Only Herds

Beef cattle are all cattle except those born on a dairy farm. For a herd to be eligible as Beef Only, it must meet ALL the following criteria:

- The cattle are from a beef herd that has not grazed with dairy cattle, or first generation dairy-cross cattle, at any time during the past five (5) years, unless those cattle were from a herd enrolled in the CattleMAP.
- The cattle are from a beef herd that has not, **at any time in the past**, grazed on land that had been grazed by adult dairy cattle (two years or older) during the 12 months before the arrival of the beef herd, unless those dairy cattle were part of a CattleMAP herd.
- If introduced into the herd or onto the property(s) in the past five (5) years, the cattle are from herds of the same *Beef Only* or higher status. This must be supported by

a completed National Cattle Health Statement or a signed BJD Vendor Declaration. Without these declarations, you **cannot** claim *Beef Only* status for any cattle sold from the herd.

• The cattle do not include animals that have been part of a herd classified as Infected (IN), Suspect (SU) or Restricted (RD), according to the National Johne's Disease Standard Definitions and Rules and Guidelines (SDR&Gs) for Johne's Disease in Cattle.

## Tested to MAP Standard (TMS)

A herd Tested to MAP Standard (TMS) is one that does not have an assessed status but which has undergone testing on the herd equivalent to a Sample Test under a MAP program in the last 24 months with negative results.

## Tested Four Years Old and over (T4YO)

A herd Tested Four Years Old and over (T4YO) is one in which cattle aged four years old and over have been tested in accord with sample sizes in the Testing strategies section of the CattleMAP program.

## Beef Protected Area beef cattle (non-assessed) eligible for the Protected Zone

A beef herd in the Beef Protected Area that, in the past five years, has not introduced dairy cattle or dairy-cross cattle, or grazed on land used by dairy cattle, unless the dairy cattle concerned had a CattleMAP status of MN1 or better.

Note: Cattle from the Management Area are only eligible for the Protected Zone if they have an MN1 status or above in the CattleMAP, or are Beef Only.

## SECTION 3 – Johne's Disease Dairy Cattle

Johne's disease herd status information about Dairy Assurance Score calculation is available at www.dairyaustralia.com.au/bjd



All cattle entering Tasmania must meet at least **ONE** of the following criteria:

- Cattle have been tested for Enzootic Bovine Leucosis with the ELISA test within 42 days before shipment with negative results and evidence supplied via an attached laboratory report. If samples were pooled, no more than 10 sera or 30 milk samples were combined in each pool. Unweaned calves less that 12-weeks-of-age transported with their dam do not require testing for EBL; *OR*
- Dairy cattle from a registered dairy herd must be accredited as Monitored Negative (MN) or better, according to the national guidelines for Enzootic Bovine Leucosis Control; *OR*
- Beef or beef-cross breeds must come from herds in Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia (*excluding the cattle tick infected area*), New South Wales (*excluding North Coast Livestock Health and Pest Authority District*), or Queensland (*excluding the cattle tick infested area*). The herd of origin must have been in existence for at least three (3) years with no evidence of Enzootic Bovine Leucosis infection in the last three (3) years.

## SECTION 5A, 5B AND 5C – Treatments, Current Vaccinations and Testing

### Treatments

- Provide details on any cattle treatments, vaccinations and management procedures within the last six (6) months. Some manufacturers include more than one of the categories listed below in the same vaccine, known as a *combination vaccine*. If you use a *combination vaccine*, each agent(s), as appropriate, should be detailed.
- For vaccinations to be current, you must have followed the manufacturer's recommendation for vaccination. Typically, young animals or first time vaccinated animals need two (2) doses, followed by annual boosters. As variations to this general rule do occur, you must use the manufacturer's recommendations.
- At the date the declaration is made, the animals must be considered protected from the diseases listed. *Current Vaccinations*
- A Clostridial 5-in-1 vaccine provides protection against tetanus, blackleg, black disease, pulpy kidney (enterotoxaemia) and malignant oedema.

#### Testing

• Persistently infected animals can be detected by conducting a pestivirus antigen test. This test only needs to be conducted once in an animal's life. Cattle that test positive in most cases are persistently infected animals. Contact your veterinarian for assistance in understanding the test results or go to www.bvdvaustralia.com.au.

## SECTION 6 – Declaration

- This section must only be completed by the owner or person responsible for the husbandry of the cattle in the consignment.
- The original is to be attached to the National Vendor Declaration (NVD) form accompanying the cattle. The duplicate remains with the vendor.

## SECTION 7 – Cattle Tick

Parts of Queensland, Northern Territory and Western Australia are declared under the relevant state legislation as Cattle Tick Infected Zones. All other parts of Australia are Cattle Tick Free Zones. Section 7 is mandatory for cattle moving:

- From an Infected Zone unless to another Infected Zone
- From a property in the Free Zone with cattle tick infestation
- Between some states (please check with the local animal health officer).

## SECTION 8 – Certification by an Authorised Person

- This section must be signed by an authorised person if required for intrastate and interstate movements (please check with your local agriculture department or on departmental websites for this information).
- Some states require testing or certification additional to that outlined in this document. Please check the entry requirements for any interstate movements at

www.animalhealthaustralia.com.au/programs/johnes-disease/disease-movement-requirements-for-stock/

## NOTE: The Cattle Health Statement is a legal document- Please read carefully before signing.

